Reading "What Makes Water Move?"

- 1. Read and annotate the "What Makes Water Move?" article.
- 2. Choose and mark annotations to discuss with your partner. Once you have discussed these annotations, mark them as discussed.
- 3. Now, choose and mark a question or connection, either one you already discussed or a different one that you would like to discuss with the class.
- 4. Answer the reflection question below.

Rate how successful you were at using Active Reading skills by responding to the following statement:

As I read, I paid attention to my own understanding and recorded my thoughts and questions.

| Never |
|------------------|
| Almost never |
| Sometimes |
| Frequently/often |
| All the time |

Active Reading Guidelines

- 1. Think carefully about what you read. Pay attention to your own understanding.
- 2. As you read, annotate the text to make a record of your thinking. Highlight challenging words and add notes to record questions and make connections to your own experience.
- 3. Examine all visual representations carefully. Consider how they go together with the text.
- 4. After you read, discuss what you have read with others to help you better understand the text.

Second Read of "What Makes Water Move?"

Part 1

Check the set of water cycle processes that you and your partner will focus on.

- Set A: transpiration, evaporation, and sublimation (reread paragraphs 2–4)
- **Set B:** condensation, deposition, and precipitation (reread paragraphs 5–6)
- Set C: infiltration and runoff (reread paragraphs 7–8)

Reread the paragraphs to find information about the processes in your assigned set.

- As you read, highlight and annotate information that helps you explain how your set of water cycle processes moves water from place to place.
- Be ready to share your expertise with your water cycle group in Part 2.

Second Read of "What Makes Water Move?" (continued)

Part 2

- 1. Each group member will take a turn and explain the processes they read about. As group members share, they should explain how these processes help move water from place to place.
- 2. After sharing, use the space below to draw and label a diagram of the water cycle. Include labels for all eight processes in the article: *transpiration*, *sublimation*, *evaporation*, *condensation*, *deposition*, *precipitation*, *infiltration*, and *runoff*. You might want to include things like land, air, and water in your diagram. You can plan your diagram as a group, but each group member should draw their own diagram.

Water Cycle Diagram