#### Welcome to Amplify Science!

Follow the directions below as we wait to begin.

1. Please log in to your Amplify Account.

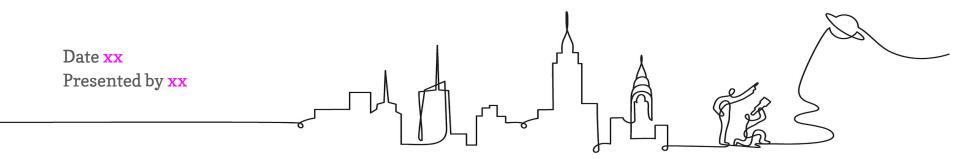
2. Sign in using link dropped in chat.

In the chat, share your name, grade level, & school you teach in.



# Amplify Science New York City

#### Unit 3: Supporting Diverse Learner Needs Grade 2 returning teachers



### Remote Professional Learning Norms



Take some time to orient yourself to the platform

• "Where's the chat box? What are these squares at the top of my screen?, where's the mute button?"



Mute your microphone to reduce background noise unless sharing with the group



The chat box is available for posting questions or responses to during the training



Make sure you have a note-catcher present



Engage at your comfort level - chat, ask questions, discuss, share!

#### Use two windows for today's webinar

•••	<ul> <li>♦ Meet - Etiwanda Grade 7 N ● × +</li> <li>← → C ● meet.google.com/hcs-dxpk-wrm?aut ↓</li> </ul>	☆ 🛛 ✔ 🤣 ઉ ⊳ 🔒 О	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c } \hline \bullet & \bullet$	
		ది <sup>21</sup> 🗐 You 🎱 🚷	■ Amplify Science CALIFORNIA > Plate Motion > Chapter 1 > Lesso	
Window #1	More Capy of Nanopaline Progr. x	00*progres-build ● ☆ 🖬 🗟 🚺 i	Lesson 1.2: Using Fossils to Understand Earth	
	Progress Build Level 1: The Earth's entire outer layer (below the water and soil that we see) is made of soild rock that is divided into plates. Earth's plates can move. Underneath the soil, vegatation: and water that we see on the surface of Earth is the volting erof Earth's grouphere, the soild put of our rocky planet. This outer layer of Earth's grouphere, the soild put of our rocky planet. This outer layer of Earth's grouphere, the soild put of our rocky planet. This outer layer of Earth's for the soild regulates can move. Progress Build Level 2: The plates move on top of a soft, soild layer of rock called the mantle. At plate boundaries where the plates are moving away from each other, rock rises from the mantle and hardens, adding new solid rock to the edges of the plates. At plate boundaries where plates are moving toward each other, one plate moves underneath the other and sinks into the mantle. Underneath the soil, vegation, and water that we see on the surface of Earth is the outer layer of Earth's grouphere, the solid part of our rocky	Flextension Compilation Investigation Notebook NGSS Information for Parents and Guardians Print Materials (11" x 17") Print Materials (8.5" x 11") Offline Preparation Teaching without reliable classroom internet? Propare unit and lesson materials for offline access.	Lesson Brief (4 Activities)	alue
	Getting Ready to Teach v Excator Materials and Preparation v	Offine Guide	Lesson Brief Overview · Materials & Preparation ·	Digital Resources
			Differentiation	Video: Meet a Pa' og

# Overarching goals

By the end of this 1-hour workshop, you will be able to:

- Identify the embedded supports for diverse learner needs within your third unit.
- Understand the research-based principles that guided the creation of these supports & strategies in Amplify Science.





# Plan for the day

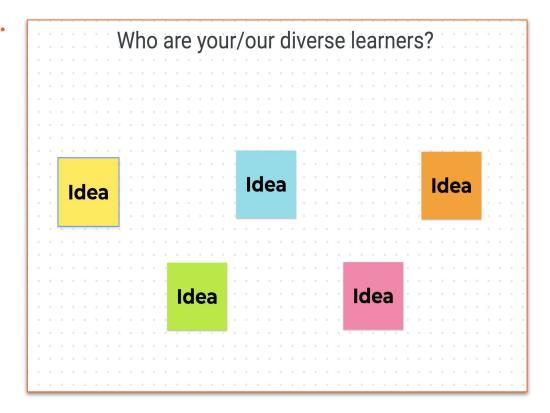
- Framing the day
  - Welcome and introductions
  - Anticipatory activity
- Embedded supports for diverse learners
  - Research-based principles
  - Analyzing an instructional sequence
    - Diverse learner profiles
    - Disciplinary literacy in science
- Multimodal instruction @home
- Closing

- Reflection & additional resources
- Survey

### Anticipatory activity

On the Jamboard "post"....

Your thoughts on this prompt: "Who are your/our diverse learners?



#### Who are our Diverse Learners?

"Diverse learning is not based on race or dependent on a deficit model. Students who are considered gifted are also diverse learners. All students are diverse and unique, in their own right. Let's agree that diverse learning recognizes that all students have unique learning needs and we educators must be prepared to provide multiple entry points for all learners to access the rigor of the goals and standards."

Anonymous Educator





# Plan for the day

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The Amplify Science curriculum was developed with supporting diverse learning needs in mind.



Two overarching conceptual frameworks informed Amplify Science's approach to ensuring access and equity for all students:

Universal Design for Learning & Culturally Linguistically Responsive Teaching.









Access and Equity

# Universal Design for Learning

Universal Design for Learning (UDL) is a research-based framework for improving student learning experiences and outcomes by **focusing on careful instructional planning** to meet the varied needs of students. UDL is NOT a **special-education initiative**. Through the UDL framework, the **needs of ALL learners are considered** and planned for at the point of first teaching, thereby reducing the need to reteach concepts.

#### **Universal Design for Learning Guidelines**

http://www.cast.org/

#### I. Provide Multiple Means Representation

1.1 Offer ways of customizing the display of information

#### 4: Provide options for physical action

- 4.1 Vary the methods for response and navigation
- 4.2 Optimize access to tools and assistive technologies

1.2 Offer alternatives for auditory information 1.3 Offer alternatives for visual information

1: Provide options for perception

#### 8. Provide options for sustaining effort and persistence

Provide Multiple Means of

Engagement

7: Provide options for recruiting interest

7.3 Minimize threats and distractions

7.1 Optimize individual choice and autonomy

7.2 Optimize relevance, value, and authenticity

- 2: Provide options for language, math expressions, and symbols
- 2.1 Clarify vocabulary and symbols
- 2.2 Clarify syntax and structure
- 2.3 Support decoding of text, mathema and symbols
- 2.4 Promote understanding across lanc
- 2.5 Illustrate through multiple media

Virtual round robin: Give an instructional strategy from each category that you've used in your classroom.

5. Provide options for expression and communication

#### ience of goals and objectives ds and resources to optimize challenge poration and community stery-oriented feedback

#### 9: Provide options for self-regulation

- 9.1 Promote expectations and beliefs that optimize motivation
- 9.2 Facilitate personal coping skills and strategies
- 9.3 Develop self-assessment and reflection

#### 3: Provide options for comprehension

- 3.1 Activate or supply background knowledge
- 3.2. Highlight patterns, critical features, big ideas, and relationships
- 3.3 Guide information processing, visualization, and manipulation
- 3.4 Maximize transfer and generalization

14

#### 6: Provide options for executive functions

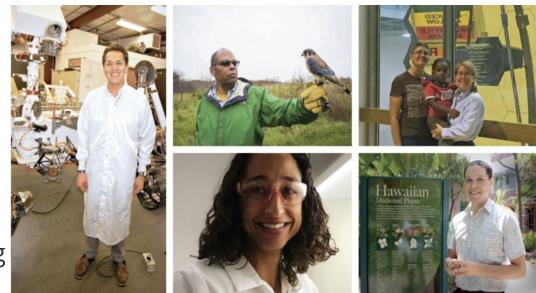
- 6.1 Guide appropriate goal-setting
- 6.2 Support planning and strategy development
- 6.3 Facilitate managing information and resources
- 6.4 Enhance capacity for monitoring progress

#### Strategic, goal-directed learners

#### **Purposeful, motivated learners**

#### Access and Equity Culturally and linguistically responsive teaching

Culturally and linguistically responsive teaching (CLRT) principles emphasize validating and valuing students' cultural and linguistic heritage and creating positive and nurturing learning environments so that learning is more effective.



Source: (I): Aaron Yaazie; (um): Kyle Spradley/ University of Missouri; (Im) Dr. Grace O'Connell; (ur) Jane Rigby; (Ir) Tina Shelton/ John A. Burns/ University of Hawaii at Manoa Access and Equity

### Culturally and linguistically responsive teaching

**Think, type, chat:** What have you leveraged from the Amplify curriculum to support culturally and linguistically responsive teaching?

CULTURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY RESPONSIVE TEACHING PRINCIPLES

Promote a positive disposition toward diversity:

Leverage students' cultural and experiential backgrounds

Value language diversity and multilingualism:

Cultivate students' development of the language of science:

## Differentiation strategies to support ALL students

t.rsinha-das@tryamplify.net Log Out Go To My Account **Classroom Language Settings** LLA RESUUICES пценти Assessments  $\mathbb{M}$ LA Science **Program Hub Program Guide** OP Science Program тиар Guide Help

<b>Amplify</b> Science		Access and equity	
impiny derended		Universal Design for Learning	
Amplify Science		Culturally and linguistically responsive	
Welcome		Differentiation strategies	
Program developers		– English learners	
Designed for the NGSS		- Students with disabilities	
Program components			
Scope and Sequence		– Standard English learners	
Phenomena, standards, and progressions		- Girls and young women	
Assessments		- Advanced learners and gifted learners	
Science and literacy		– Students living in poverty, foster	
Access and equity		children and youth, and migrant students	
Resources		Lesson-level differentiation	

#### Amplify

# Diverse learner needs

Student population	Strategies for support
English learners	
Students with disabilities	
Standard English learners	
Girls and young women	
Advanced learners and gifted learners	
Students living in poverty, foster children and youth, and migrant students	

# In pairs, choose a student population.

 Jot down strategies you've read about from the Program Guide & those from your own practice.





# Plan for the day

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# Sample student profiles

**Learner A:** Enjoys science and math. Loves to tell stories about her many travels and enjoys figuring out phenomena presented. While she finds verbal explanations to be sufficient, she does not find it necessary to elaborate on her ideas through written explanation or written argument. She often shuts down when pushed to provide supporting details in writing.

**Learner B:** Enjoys reading and writing. When provided a written assignment, he is anxious to provide lengthy written and verbal explanations. Although, this learner enjoys reading, writing and speaking he is challenged by sentence structure, spelling and staying on topic.

**Learner C**: This new student enjoys expressing himself through art and drawings. He is not a strong reader, yet, as English is his second language. This student has strong comprehension skills and has adapted to using the classroom artifacts to help him construct written explanations.

**Learner D:** Enjoys solving critical thinking problems and has rich science vocabulary. She works best when provided independent tasks and does not work well in collaborative group settings. She relies on step by step teacher validation and is not likely to complete a task without making sure her answer affirmed by an adult in the room.



# Why is the edge of the ocean cliff closer to the flagpole than it used to be?

The director of the Oceanside Recreation Center got a scare when a nearby cliff collapsed, and he is worried that erosion on the recreation center's ocean cliff might have safety implications for the center's visitors. By taking on the role of geologists investigating landforms and erosion, students are able to advise the director on the prudence of keeping the center open, even though its cliff is also changing.

# As you experience model activity:

- Choose a **learner** profile.
- Reflect on what this student may be challenged by.

#### Keeping Diverse Learner Needs in Mind Reflection Tool

Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Chapter #: \_\_\_\_\_ Lesson #:

Cirlce the Selected Learner Profile: A B

ity and lat down strategies to support th

C

D

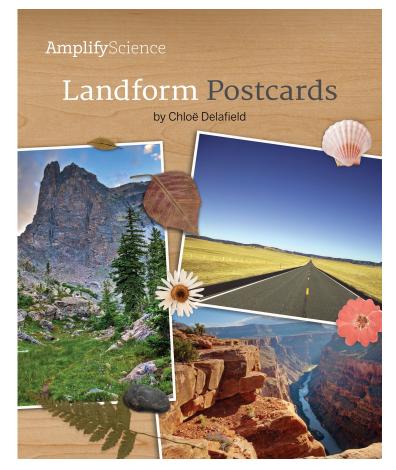
**Directions:** Reflect on each lesson activity and jot down strategies to support the student you selected from the Learner Profile.

Lesson Activity	My Student May be Challenged by	Suggestions from the Differentiation Brief	Suggestions from my own Teacher Toolkit
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			



# Activity 3 Partner Reading





#### Today we'll read this book to learn more about **landforms.**

This will help us as we **investigate** the cliff landform near the recreation center.

Activity 3

#### **Chapter 1 Question**

# How did the edge of the cliff get to be so close to the flagpole?

#### **Partner Reading Guidelines**

- **1.** Sit next to your partner and place the book between you.
- **2.** Take turns reading.
- **3.** Read in a quiet voice.
- **4.** Be respectful and polite to your partner.
- **5.** Ask your partner for help if you need it. Work together to make sure you both understand what you read.

#### Contents

About Landforms	4
Plains	
Mesas	
Canyons	
Beaches	12
Mountains	
Peninsulas	
Landforms I Saw Around the Country	
Glossary	24

3

Turn to page 3 in *Landform Postcards*. Let's review the Contents.

# Are any of these **landforms** familiar?

Have you visited or seen pictures of any of them?

#### **About Landforms**

Hi, my name is Annie. This book is about a road trip I took this summer. We drove across the United States. My grandpa is a **geologist**. He taught me about **landforms**. Landforms are parts of Earth's **surface** like mountains, valleys, and cliffs. Grandpa thought it would be fun for me to **observe** landforms around the country. I sent him postcards of what I saw.

Here are some things Grandpa taught me about landforms: Anywhere you go on Earth, you will see landforms. Unless you are reading this book in the middle of the ocean, you can probably find a landform near you. Even in a city, you can find landforms.



This picture has lots of different landforms. It has a beach, an island, a peninsula, and some hills.



Here we are about to leave on our trip. That's me in the middle and my little sister on the right.

Grandpa also taught me that landforms are made of rock. They can have other things on top, like sand, dirt, or even ice. Some landforms may be common where you live. Others may only be found far away. Keep reading to find out what landforms I saw on my trip!



#### About Landforms

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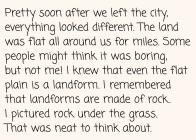
## Annie's grandpa thinks it would be fun for her to observe landforms.

# What do you think it means to **observe** something?

4

#### Plains

Dear Grandpa,



Grandpa 1745 Hillvale St. Madison, WI 53705

Love, Annie



# Read the rest of the book.

#### **About Landforms**

Hi, my name is Annie. This book is about a road trip I took this summer. We drove across the United States. My grandpa is a **geologist**. He taught me about **landforms**. Landforms are parts of Earth's **surface** like mountains, valleys, and cliffs. Grandpa thought it would be fun for me to **observe** landforms around the country. I sent him postcards of what I saw.

Here are some things Grandpa taught me about landforms: Anywhere you go on Earth, you will see landforms. Unless you are reading this book in the middle of the ocean, you can probably find a landform near you. Even in a city, you can find landforms.



This picture has lots of different landforms. It has a beach, an island, a peninsula, and some hills. Turn back to page 4 in your books.

### Let's read the first paragraph and talk about the meaning of the word **landform.**

4



#### a feature of Earth's surface, such as a mountain, a cliff, or a valley

## 2

#### Based on what you read about **landforms**, do you have any new ideas about how the **edge** of the **cliff** got to be so close to the **flagpole**?

# End of model activity

## Differentiation in Amplify Science

Lesson Brief	
Overview	~
Materials & Preparation	~
Differentiation	~
Standards	~
Vocabulary	~
Unplugged?	~

# **Differentiation briefs**

#### **Categories of differentiation briefs**

- Embedded supports for diverse learners
- Potential challenges in this lesson
- Specific differentiation strategies for English learners
- Specific differentiation strategies for students who need more support
- Specific differentiation strategies for students who need more challenge

# **Reflection part 1:**

- Navigate to the model lesson activity.
- Review the differentiation
   brief and jot down notes on the note-catcher to describe the supports you think would would best support your diverse learner.

 Keeping Diverse Learner Needs in Mind

 Reflection Tool

 Unit Name:
 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Chapter #: \_\_\_\_\_ Lesson #: \_\_\_\_\_\_

 Cirice the Selected Learner Profile: A

**Directions:** Reflect on each lesson activity and jot down strategies to support the student you selected from the Learner Profile.

Lesson Activity	My Student May be Challenged by	Suggestions from the Differentiation Brief	Suggestions from my own Teacher Toolkit
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Take a Moment: How will this activity influence your planning practices?

# A disciplinary literacy approach to learning science

In the Amplify Science program, students learn to read, write, and speak as scientists do as they acquire facility with the academic language and vocabulary of science. Through the seamless integration of science and literacy instruction, students also learn that reading, writing, and talking are essential practices of science, and that all scientists use these practices to gather information, communicate claims, leverage evidence, draw conclusions from data, and share their ideas through oral and written **explanations and arguments**.

# Reflection part 2:

How did language & literacy help students in developing scientific understanding in the model activity?







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  - Reflection & additional resources
  - $\circ$  Survey

# AmplifyScience@Home

A suite of resources designed to make extended remote and hybrid learning easier for teachers and students.



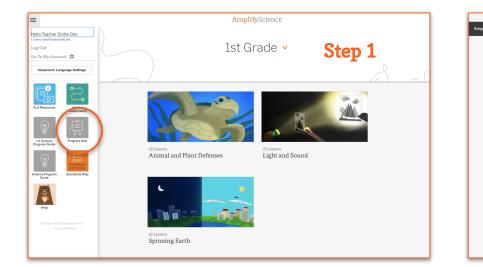


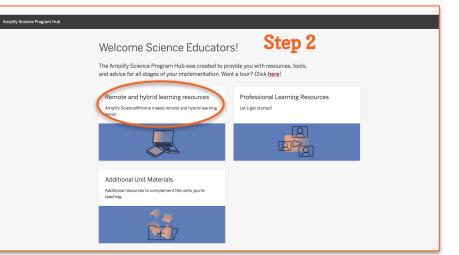


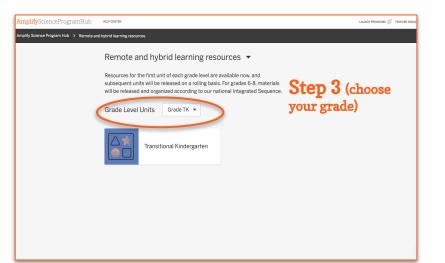
Temperature Check

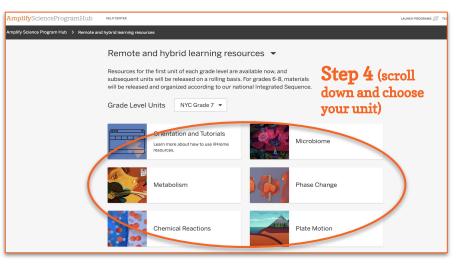
Rate your comfort level accessing and navigating the Amplify Science @Home Resources

- 1 = Extremely Uncomfortable
- 2 = Uncomfortable
- 3 = Mild
- 4 = Comfortable
- 5 = Extremely Comfortable

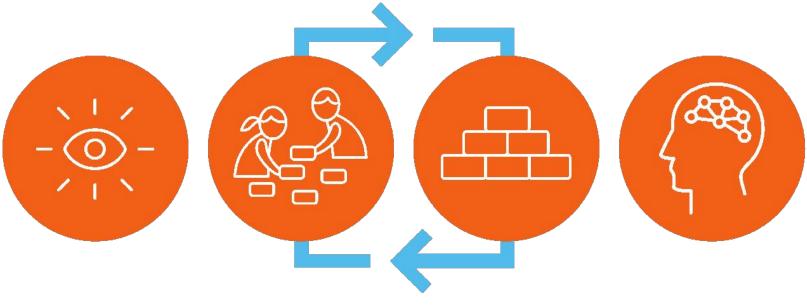








#### Amplify Science approach

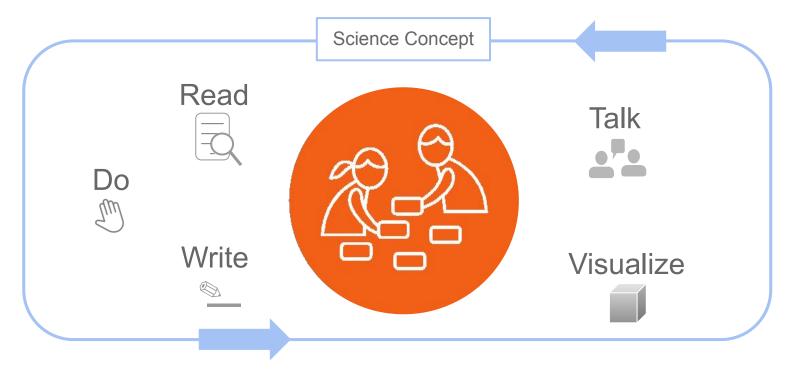


Introduce a phenomenon and a related problem Collect evidence from multiple sources Build increasingly complex explanations

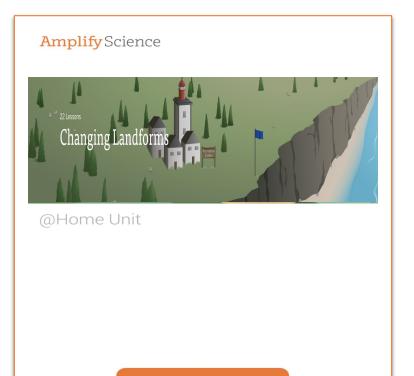
Apply knowledge to a different context

#### Multimodal learning

#### Gathering evidence from different sources



#### @Home units diverse learner supports The multimodal approach



- Preserves a coherent instructional build
- Retains a **multi-modal** &
  - **3-D** learning approach
- Adapted versions of doing, talking, reading, and writing





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#### **Revisiting our objectives** Do you feel ready to...

- Identify the embedded supports for diverse learner needs within your third unit.
- Understand the research-based principles that guided the creation of these supports & strategies in Amplify Science.

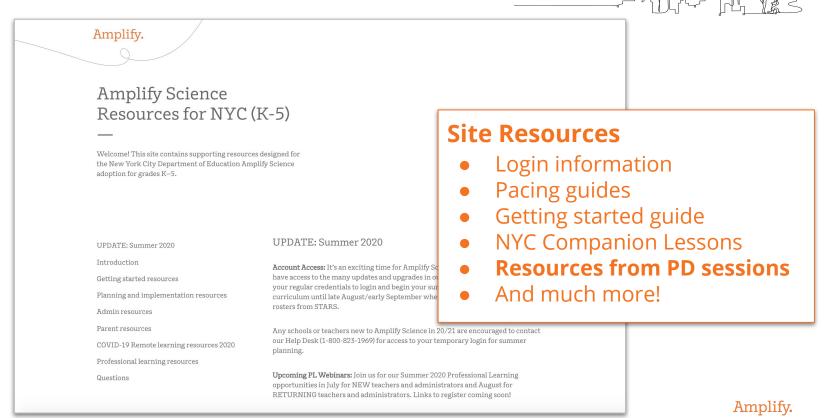
**1-** I'm not sure how I'm going to do this! **3-** I have some good ideas but still have some questions.

**5-** I have a solid plan for how to make this work!



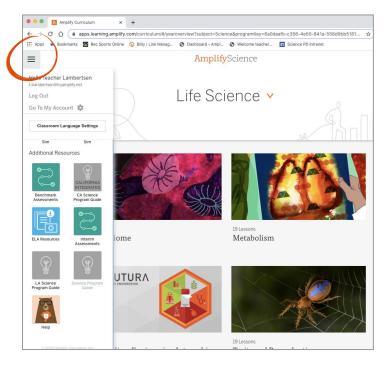
#### New York City Resources Site

#### https://amplify.com/amplify-science-nyc-doe-resources/



Amplify Science Program Hub A hub for Amplify Science resources

- Videos and resources to continue getting ready to teach
- Amplify@Home resources
- Keep checking back for updates



### Additional Amplify resources



#### **Program Guide**

Glean additional insight into the program's structure, intent, philosophies, supports, and flexibility.

#### https://my.amplify.com/programguide/co ntent/national/welcome/science/

#### **Amplify Help**

Find lots of advice and answers from the Amplify team. **my.amplify.com/help** 

## Additional Amplify Support

#### **Customer Care**

Seek information specific to enrollment and rosters, technical support, materials and kits, and teaching support, weekdays 7AM-7PM EST.



scihelp@amplify.com



800-823-1969



# When contacting the customer care team:

- Identify yourself as an Amplify Science user.
- Note the unit you are teaching.
- Note the type of device you are using (Chromebook, iPad, Windows, laptop).
- Note the web browser you are using (Chrome or Safari).
- Include a screenshot of the problem, if possible.
- Copy your district or site IT contact on emails.

# **Final Questions?**

## Please provide us feedback!

URL: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/BY56SBR

#### Presenter name: XXX









# 30 minute open office hours to follow...

